Success in school depends not only on academic skills but also on the social-emotional competencies of academic and social engagement. Academic engagement reflects a student’s approach to participating in learning activities for example by demonstrating consistent effort. Social engagement reflects a student’s approach to participation in the classroom community such as working cooperatively. These skills are observable, teachable, and readily incorporated into classroom instruction and home routines, making them prime candidates for sustainable interventions. It is not surprising then that the Every Student Succeeds Act calls for a broader definition of student success that includes indicators such as classroom engagement. To answer this call, we need evidence-based measures of student engagement tied to specific strategies that teachers and families can use to support the development of these important skills.

What is the Classroom Engagement Scale?
The Penn Child Research Center and School District of Philadelphia have partnered to foster classroom engagement skills in kindergarten. As part of this effort, we developed the Classroom Engagement Scale (CES), a research-based measure of observable and teachable engagement skills. The CES is used with all kindergarteners in the District and appears on the kindergarten report card four times a year. It consists of 14 questions about students’ academic and social engagement skills, which teachers rate as improvement needed, satisfactory, or outstanding.

Evidence from our rigorous evaluation of the CES supports the use of the CES by kindergarten teachers with all students to assess their engagement skills at kindergarten entry and monitor their development during kindergarten. Below we highlight some key findings from this evaluation and next steps for the CES.

The CES Captures Dimensions of Academic and Social Engagement

**Academic Engagement**
- Demonstrates consistent effort
- Completes work on time
- Can work independently
- Participates in group activities
- Strives for quality work

**Social Engagement**
- Works/plays cooperatively with others
- Handles conflict appropriately
- Respects others
- Accepts responsibility
- Moves between activities appropriately
- Respects school environment and materials
- Listens and follows directions

We found that the academic and social engagement dimensions operate consistently across sex, race/ethnicity, English Language Learners, students with disabilities, and free/reduced lunch recipients. The CES dimensions also operate consistently across report card marking periods, so the dimensions can be used to understand how these skills develop across the year.
The CES Dimensions Relate to Other Outcomes
Scores on the academic and social engagement dimensions in kindergarten were significantly related to important outcomes in kindergarten and in third grade:

- Scores on both dimensions in kindergarten were significantly related to kindergarten mathematics grades, absences, suspensions, and early literacy (as measured by AIMSweb scores).
- 51% of students rated “Outstanding” on Academic Engagement in kindergarten met proficiency standards on the third-grade English Language Arts Pennsylvania System School Assessment (PSSA), while only 7% of students rated as “Improvement Needed” met proficiency standards.6

% Proficient English Language Arts PSSA in third grade

Kindergarten CES (Academic Dimension)

- 32% of students rated “Outstanding” on Academic Engagement in kindergarten met proficiency standards on the third-grade Mathematics PSSA, while only 4% of students rated “Improvement Needed” met proficiency standards.

% Proficient Mathematics PSSA in third grade

Kindergarten CES (Academic Dimension)

- Only 2% of students rated “Outstanding” on Social Engagement in kindergarten were suspended in third grade; whereas 31% of students rated “Needs Improvement” were suspended.

% Suspended in third grade

Kindergarten CES (Social Dimension)

The Academic and Social Engagement dimensions add to our understanding of these third-grade outcomes above and beyond other kindergarten measures of similar outcomes (e.g., kindergarten Academic Engagement predicted third-grade Mathematics PSSA performance above and beyond kindergarten math grades).

Potential Next Steps
Potential next steps include using the CES as the basis for developing evidence-based interventions to support students’ development of classroom engagement skills. Ultimately, the CES and this intervention could be extended from pre-kindergarten through third grade to monitor and support students’ development of these skills throughout these critical early grades. The CES provides an opportunity for teachers, administrators, and parents to work together to ensure our youngest students are connected to their learning activities and their classroom communities.

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For more information on the CES please contact Dr. Katherine Barghaus at barghaus@upenn.edu.

3. For more information on the Penn Child Research Center please visit: https://child.gse.upenn.edu/
4. Please see the technical report for details on the development of the CES, study methodology and all study findings.
5. Source: derived from data provided by The School District of Philadelphia. © 2015 The School District of Philadelphia. All rights reserved.
6. Average CES scores of 1.5 to 2 were categorized as “Outstanding,” scores of 0.5 to 1.49 were categorized as “Satisfactory,” and scores of 0 to 0.49 were categorized as “Improvement Needed.”